

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH [2022–2023]

TOPIC: CONJUNCTIONS	HANDOUT
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RESOURCE PERSON: Ms. Jayalakshmi Nair

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'ALTHOUGH' OR 'THOUGH'.

We use the conjunction **'although'** or **'though'** when something has happened unexpectedly or surprisingly or when we want to show the contrast in the information given.



Example 1 - I love to sing on stage, **although** I am a bad performer.

Example 2 – **Though** my house is small, it is very spacious.

Example 3 – **Although** the beach was beautiful, we did not have fun.

We can use **'although'** or **'though'** in place of the conjunction **'but'**. The conjunction 'although' / 'though' can be used at the beginning or in the middle of a sentence.

'FOR'.

We use the conjunction **'for'** to give reasons as to why something has taken place.



Example 1 - We left early, **for** we had finished the project.

Example 2 – She needs to buy a gift **for** her cousin's birthday.

YET'.

We use the conjunction 'yet' to express opposite ideas. The conjunction 'yet' means 'but' or 'nevertheless'.

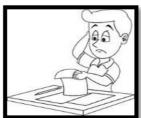


Example 1 – My father was angry, **yet** he helped me study.

Example 2 - I woke up early, **yet** I was late to the meeting.

'UNLESS'.

We use the conjunction **'unless'** to show that a particular event can take place only if the conditions are met.



Example 1 - You won't get good grades **unless** you work hard.

Example 2 – We cannot go for an Aerobics class **unless** we form a line.

'SINCE'.

The conjunction **'since'** is used to show a certain event or action that took place in the past and continues in the present. We also use 'since' to state a reason.



Example 1 - We have been married **since** 2001.

Example 2 – Jack is disheartened ever **since** he lost the match.

